

- how Netflix has changed international television distribution
- theories and concepts
 needed to make sense of
 these changes

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Two tricky questions:

Is Netflix a platform?

How do we evaluate Netflix's diversity/homogeneity?

1. Is Netflix a platform?

Ways to define 'platform':

- 1. a reprogrammable system (software definition)
- 2. a multisided marketplace (economic definition)
- 3. an algorithmically curated interface (user experience definition)
- 4. stand-in for "tech company"
- 5. that which calls itself a platform
- 6. bad object

Netflix is



not reprogrammable

not a multisided marketplace

not open-upload (c.f. YouTube)

but ...

typifies (has helped to define?) modes of interactivity now associated with platforms – *especially algorithmic recommendation*

is bound up with some (but not all) of the same policy debates as Facebook, YouTube, etc

One platform or many?

Vectors of difference in a multi-territory SVOD:

- Catalog (size)
- Catalog (composition)
- Availability of original productions
- Licensing norms
- Investment in local production
- Local advertising
- Commitment to local market

Netflix: singular global platform, or collection of national media services?

Question 2.

How do we evaluate Netflix's diversity/homogeneity?

Irreconcilable truths? Insights from SVOD catalog research

The average Netflix catalog in EU contains content from more than 60 different countries...

Source: European Audiovisual Observatory

Irreconcilable truths? Insights from SVOD catalog research

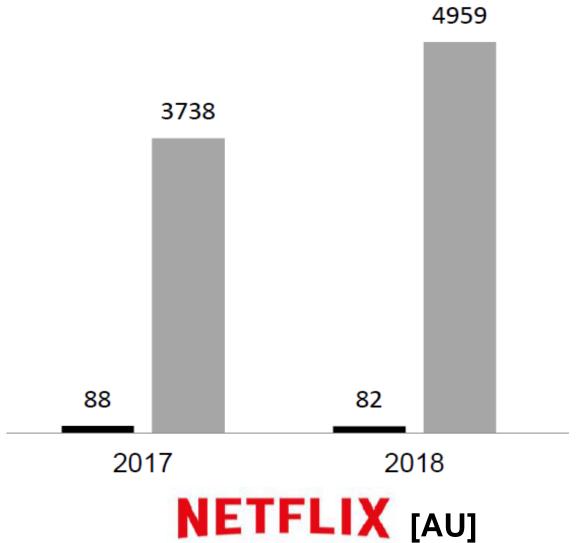
The average Netflix catalog in EU contains content from more than 60 different countries...

...but half this content is from the United States.

Source: European Audiovisual Observatory

Source: European Audiovisual Observatory

Local content within Netflix catalogs



Lobato and Scarlata. 2018. "Australian content in SVOD catalogs: availability and discoverability."

More catalog research:

EU28 – European Audiovisual Observatory 2016, 2017, 2018

FR – Richy et al 2018

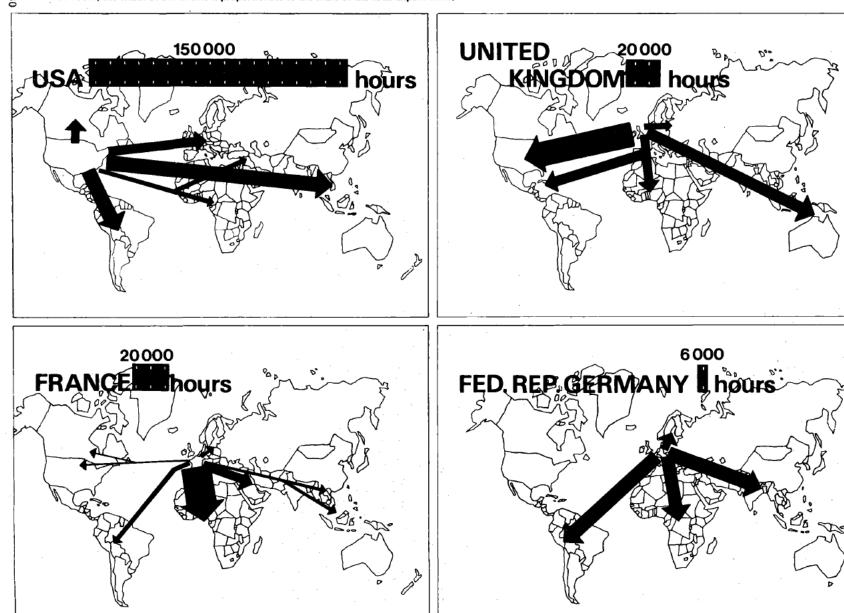
ES – Albornoz & García 2018

US – Lozano 2019

Global – Aguiar & Waldfogel 2018

Figure 2. THE DISTRIBUTION PATTERNS OF THE MAJOR PROGRAMME EXPORTING COUNTRIES IN THE EARLY 1970's.

(For each country an estimation of the total annual exports, indicated in the Figure, has been given a standard 'volume index' of 100%; the width of the arrows is proportionate to the share of the total export flow.)



Source: Kaarle Nordenstreng & Tapio Varis, *Television Traffic – A One-Way Street?* (UNESCO, 1977)

Irreconcilable truths?

16% of Netflix EU catalogs is auteur cinema.

Source: Joelle Farchy et al, *En compétition* (Presse des Mines, 2018)

Irreconcilable truths?



16% of Netflix EU catalogs is auteur cinema.

30,869,863 accounts watched Murder Mystery in its first 3 days - the biggest opening weekend ever for a Netflix Film. 13,374,914 accounts in the US and Canada, and 17,494,949 more worldwide.

11:01 AM - 18 Jun 2019

2,459 Retweets 20,469 Likes | 🦺 🥒 🌑 👚 🚍













Source: Joelle Farchy et al, En compétition (Presse des Mines, 2018) Source: Netflix tweet, Jun 18 2019.

Which metric matters?

Presence in catalog (content diversity 1)

vs. proportion of catalog (content diversity 2)

vs. consumption (exposure diversity)

Other diversity metrics: visibility / discoverability, origin of original productions, genre, language, etc...

Conclusion: research possibilities

Catalog research established

Visibility research *nascent*

Consumption research black box problem

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https://global-internet-tv.com/

Netflix Nations open-access http://opensquare.nyupress.org